Geography	Intent To explore reasons for migration, identifying how the sense of character of a place has changed overtime by developing knowledge and understanding of recent UK examples. To develop students' knowledge and understanding of river landscapes in the UK. They will explain the changing shape of river valleys and decide on sustainable flood management approaches for the future. To explain the economic landscape of the UK and how it has changed. To make comparisons between the UK and China, exploring reasons for economic development and contrasting opportunities. To develop students' knowledge and understanding of the world's physical processes responsible for tectonic hazards, and how they interact with the human world.			
Year 8	Unit 1 Population	Unit 2 Tectonic Landscapes	Unit 3 Economic Activities	Unit 4 Water Cycle and River
	September to November	November to January	January to April	Landscapes
				April to July
Knowledge	Key Words: Demographic Transition	Key Words: Plate tectonics,	Key words: Primary, Secondary,	The water cycle, parts of a river
(facts, information,	Model, push and pull factors,	earthquake, volcanic eruption,	Tertiary, Quaternary Industry	basin, processes of erosion and
concepts and key	migration, immigration, population	primary and secondary effects,	Manufactured Goods, industrial	deposition, river landforms (V
terminology)	distribution,	immediate and long-term	location, Pre-Industrial, Post-	shaped valleys, waterfalls,
		responses, continental drift	Industrial, globalisation,	meanders, levees, floodplain) river
			convenience and comparison goods,	management (hard & soft
Hadanska adia a	To describe and explain population	To outline the evidence and explain	economic development.	engineering) To understand how flows and
Understanding	distributions, and explain population	the theory of plate tectonics.	To explain the distribution of	stores in river systems change.
(ability to connect and	changes.	To explain how tectonic hazards	agriculture and industry in the UK and China.	To explain how river processes
synthesise knowledge within a context)	To explain the causes of migration in	occur along different types of plate	To understand how and why the	change the shape of the landscape
within a context)	different contexts such as refugees,	boundary	employment structure of the UK	we see.
	illegal migration and economic	To describe the effects and	and China have changed.	To understand how human
	migration, and to empathise with	responses for a series of different	To understand the causes and	intervention alters natural
	historical and contemporary migrants.	case studies. To compare and	consequences of this change.	processes, and outline how
	To recognise the effects on migration within the context of the local and	evaluate these case studies and identify reasons for difference in	consequences of this change.	management strategies can reduce the risk of flooding.
	national sphere, and predict the future	severity.		reduce the risk of flooding.
	of UK population change	seventy.		
Skills	Choropleth maps	Applying knowledge within	Interpretation of relief and	To draw a river long profile,
(successful application of	Line graphs (L4)	different contexts	choropleth maps, line and bar	To identify features such as
knowledge and	Population pyramids (L5+8)	Describing distribution	graphs, pie charts, photographs and	valleys, spurs, river and relief on
understanding to a	Demographic transition model	_	infographics. Using data critically to	an OS map. To annotate photos, to
specific task)	(L6+8)		make informed decisions. To write	draw and interpret a hydrograph, to empathize with stakeholders.
	Data interpretation (L17)		evaluative reports, to carry out independent research.	To evaluate effectiveness of
			macpendent research.	engineering.
Formal Assessments	2x in class assessments	2x in class assessments	2x in class assessments	2x in class assessments
	3x Geog your Memory knowledge	3x Geog your Memory	3x Geog your Memory	3x Geog your Memory
	recall quizzes	knowledge recall quizzes	knowledge recall quizzes	knowledge recall quizzes
By the end of the year students on course for at least a grade 5 will mostly be able to				

Interpret and communicate information.

Make simple deductions and draw conclusions.

Construct chains of reasoning.

They may begin to...

Demonstrate mostly accurate and appropriate knowledge, understanding and application of geographical information and issues.

Demonstrate clear understanding of interactions and interrelationships between people and the environment and between geographical phenomena.

Construct coherent arguments to draw conclusions supported by evidence.

Use a range of geographical skills and techniques accurately, showing understanding of their purpose.