Wellington School  English Literature (AQA)	In the study of GCSE English Literature, our aim is for students to:  read a wide range of classic literature fluently and with good understanding, and make connections across their reading; read in depth, critically and evaluatively, so that they are able to discuss and explain their understanding and ideas; develop the habit of reading widely and often; appreciate the depth and power of the English literary heritage  write accurately, effectively and analytically about their reading, using Standard English; acquire and use a wide vocabulary, including the grammatical terminology and other literary and linguistic terms they need to criticise and analyse what they read.		
Year 10	Unseen Poetry study Shakespeare (Macbeth or Much Ado About Nothing) (September – December)	19 <sup>th</sup> Century Novel study (A Christmas Carol, Frankenstein or The Strange Case of Dr Jekyll and Mr Hyde) (February – April)	Poetry: either the Power and Conflict cluster, or the Love and Relationships cluster (April – July)
Knowledge (facts, information, concepts and key terminology)	consider how a writer uses language, structure and form to create meaning and compare how poets use methods to create similar and different effects. Students will also be able to use a critical style when writing about the text and engage with subject specific terminology.  Shakespeare and 19 <sup>th</sup> century novel  Students will gain a good understanding of the plot of their chosen text and understand how language, form and structure is used to		Poetry Students will begin their study of their chosen poetry cluster and understand the content of each poem and how a poet uses language, structure and form to create meaning. They will begin to make comparisons between the poems and write about each poem using a critical style and utilising subject specific terminology.
Understanding (ability to connect and synthesise knowledge within a context)	Unseen Poetry and Poetry Cluster  AO1: Read, understand and respond to texts. Students should be able to: maintain a critical style and develop an informed personal response, and use textual references, including quotations, to support and illustrate interpretations.  AO2: Analyse the language, form and structure used by a writer to create meanings and effects, using relevant subject terminology where appropriate.  Shakespeare and 19 <sup>th</sup> century novel  AO1: Read, understand and respond to texts. Students should be able to: maintain a critical style and develop an informed personal response, and use textual references, including quotations, to support and illustrate interpretations.  AO2: Analyse the language, form and structure used by a writer to create meanings and effects, using relevant subject terminology where appropriate.  AO3: Show understanding of the relationships between texts and the contexts in which they were written.  Shakespeare only - AO4: Use a range of vocabulary and sentence structures for clarity, purpose and effect, with accurate spelling and punctuation.		
Skills (successful application of knowledge and understanding to a specific task)	Unseen Poetry and Poetry Cluster study  Literal and inferential comprehension: understanding a word, phrase or sentence in context; exploring aspects of plot, characterisation, events and settings; distinguishing between what is stated explicitly and what is implied; explaining motivation, sequence of events, and the relationship between actions or events  Critical reading: identifying the theme and distinguishing between themes; supporting a point of view by referring to evidence in the text; recognising the possibility of and evaluating different responses to a text; using understanding of writers' social, historical and cultural contexts to inform evaluation; making an informed personal response that derives from analysis and evaluation of the text Evaluation of a writer's choice of vocabulary, grammatical and structural features: analysing and evaluating how language, structure, form and presentation contribute to quality and impact; using linguistic and literary terminology for such evaluation  Comparing texts: comparing and contrasting texts studied, referring where relevant to theme, characterisation, context (where known), style and literary quality; comparing two texts critically with respect to the above  Shakespeare and 19 <sup>th</sup> century novel  Literal and inferential comprehension: understanding a word, phrase or sentence in context; exploring aspects of plot, characterisation, events and settings; distinguishing between what is stated explicitly and what is implied; explaining motivation, sequence of events, and the relationship between actions or events  Critical reading: identifying the theme and distinguishing between themes; supporting a point of view by referring to evidence in the text; recognising the possibility of and evaluating different responses to a text; using understanding of writers' social, historical and cultural contexts to inform evaluation; making an informed personal response that derives from analysis and evaluation of the text Evaluation of a writer's choice of vocabulary, gram		
Formal Assessments	linguistic and literary terminology for such evaluation.  October Unseen Poetry assessment.  December Shakespeare assessment.	April 19 <sup>th</sup> century novel assessment.	EoY Exam: first mocks (May) English Literature Paper One mock examination.

- develop a generally coherent and engaged response to explicit and implicit meanings of texts
- develop a clear understanding of the ways in which writers use language, form and structure
- use apt textual references to support responses
- use understanding of contexts to inform responses to texts
- make credible comparisons between texts.