	Wellington School
	1370
	3
H	
E	
5	

## Intent

Physical Geography: These units develop an understanding of the tectonic, geomorphological, biological and meteorological processes and features in different environments, and the need for management strategies governed by sustainability and consideration of the direct and indirect effects of human interaction with the Earth and the atmosphere.

Geography

Human Geography: These units develop an understanding of the factors that produce a diverse variety of human environments; the dynamic nature of these environments that change over time and place; the need for sustainable management; and the areas of current and future challenge and opportunity for these environments.

Year 11Unit 1 The Changing Economic World September to NovemberUnit 2 The Living World December to FebruaryUnit 3 Issue Evaluation March to Exam PeriodUnit 4 Fieldword March to Exam PeriodKnowledge (facts, information, concepts and key terminology)De-industrialisation, development gap, European Union, concepts and key terminology)Abiotic, biotic, consumer, decomposer, ecosystem, global ecosystem, food chain, food web, nutrient cycling, sustainability, south divide.Resource booklet received 12 weeks before examination.Primary data, secondary sampling strategy, system stratified, random, validity designed to be synoptic in that students will be required to draw togetherUnderstanding (ability to connect and synthesise knowledge within aTo be aware of the global variations in cales.To be aware of the strategies toTo describe the characteristics ofIndustrial December to February March to Exam PeriodUnit 4 Fieldword December to February (Abiotic, consumer, development and ecosystem, global secondary system, global ecosystem, global ecosystem, global ecosystem, global ecosystem, food chain, food web, nutrient cycling, sustainability, ploidiversity, fragile environment.The Geographical applications unit is designed to be synoptic in that students will be required to draw togetherlimitations, anomalies.Will be required to draw together economic development and quality of and synthesise knowledge within aTo be aware of the strategies toTo be aware of the characteristics of  To describe the characteristics of breadth of understanding and an appropriate to the chose	data, natic, y, reliability, itable al enquiries.					
Knowledge (facts, information, concepts and key terminology)  Understanding (ability to connect and synthesise knowledge within a  September to November  December to February  Abiotic, biotic, consumer, decomposer, ecosystem, global ecomposer, ecosystem, global ecomposer, ecosystem, global ecomposer, ecosystem, food chain, food web, nutrient cycling, sustainability, biodiversity, fragile environment.  To be aware of the global variations in a synthesise knowledge within a  September to November  December to February  Abiotic, biotic, consumer, decomposer, ecosystem, global ecomposer, ecosy	natic, y, reliability, itable al enquiries.					
(facts, information, concepts and key terminology)  Understanding (ability to connect and synthesise knowledge within a  development gap, European Union, globalisation, GNI, HDI, industrial ecosystem, food chain, food web, nutrient cycling, sustainability, biodiversity, fragile environment.  To be aware of the global variations in ecosystems which exist at a range of study. It is an to sportunity for students to show their knowledge within a  development gap, European Union, globalisation, GNI, HDI, industrial ecosystem, food chain, food web, nutrient cycling, sustainability, biodiversity, fragile environment.  To be aware of the global variations in ecosystems which exist at a range of study. It is an opportunity for students to show their breadth of understanding and an  sampling strategy, system system stratified, random, validity designed to be synoptic in that students will be required to draw together knowledge, understanding and skills from the full course of study. It is an opportunity for students to show their breadth of understanding and an appropriate to the chose	natic, y, reliability, itable al enquiries.					
reduce the development gap. To understand that economic development leads to significant change in LICs and NEEs. To apply this theory to Nigeria as a case study. To be aware of the recent changes to the UK economy. To understand how these changes affect the UK's employment patterns and regional growth.  tropical rainforests. To be aware of the economic and environmental impacts of deforestation and identify sustainable management strategies. To describe the characteristics of cold environments. To identify the opportunities created by the development of cold environments, and to recognise the	n enquiry. ys of g fieldwork explain nclusions.					
risks.  Skills  Choropleth maps (SAM 1)  Interpreting graphs – bar chart (SAM Interpreting quantitative data Interpreting quantitative	data					
(successful Interpreting numerical data (SAM 1) 1) Interpreting qualitative data Interpreting qualitative d	ata					
application of Calculating distance on a map (SAM 1) Choropleth maps (Biomes) Develop critical thinking and problem Enquiry and research						
knowledge and Choropleth maps Food chains/webs solving skills.						
understanding to a						
specific task)						
Formal 3x Exampro homework booklet	3x Exampro homework booklet					
Assessments 1x summative assessment(per unit)	1x summative assessment(per unit)					

By the end of the year students on course for at least a grade 5 will...

Demonstrate mostly accurate and appropriate knowledge, understanding and application of geographical information and issues.

Demonstrate clear understanding of interactions and interrelationships between people and the environment and between geographical phenomena.

Construct coherent arguments to draw conclusions supported by evidence.

Use a range of geographical skills and techniques accurately, showing understanding of their purpose.